HRVN STANAG 6001 ISPIT ENGLESKOG JEZIKA

OGLEDNI PRIMJERAK

ISPIT IZ VJEŠTINE ČITANJA

Test traje 90 minuta i sastoji se od 11 zadataka.

Ispunjavanje i mijenjanje odgovora nije dopušteno nakon isteka vremena. Ukoliko to učinite, test će se smatrati nevažećim.

PRIČEKAJTE DA ADMINISTRATOR OBJAVI POČETAK ISPITA.

SVI KANDIDATI ISTOVREMENO OTVARAJU KNJIŽICU I POČINJU RJEŠAVATI ZADATKE.

TASK 1

Read the text about a French warship and answer the questions that follow. Write short answers.

/5

"0" is an example.

BREST, France (AFP) – The asbestos-tainted French warship the Clemenceau began its final journey Tuesday to a British "ghost fleet" shipyard, where it is to be broken up despite protests from green campaigners.

The rusted grey carcass of the aircraft carrier, former pride of the French navy now known simply as "Hull Q790," was maneuvered by eight small tugs out of a military harbor in the northwestern French port of Brest.

Once at seas it was hooked up to an English tug, the Anglian Earl, which will tow it to a recycling facility at the mouth of the River Tees, operated by the shipbreaker Able UK.

Able UK said in a statement that the vessel was expected to dock on the Tees at the end of the week, joining three other British vessels and four from the United States which are also being recycled here. The dismantling will be the biggest ship recycling project ever undertaken in Europe.

Named after France's World War I Prime minister Georges Clemenceau, the aircraft carrier was decommissioned in 1997. It saw action in the Lebanese civil war of the 1980s and the 1991 Gulf war.

The Clemenceau has, however, spent the past five years at the centre of an embarrassing saga, as it was towed around the globe in the search for a place to dispose of its toxic hull.

In 2006, it was taken as far as India to be broken up at the giant Alang shipbreaking yard, but was finally turned away over concerns it would endanger the lives of Indian scrapyard workers.

A French court Monday rejected an attempt by a Breton environmental group to block the vessel's transfer to England, clearing the way for it to leave. Some environmentalists are also alarmed over the arrival of the ship, which contains some 700 tons of material contaminated with asbestos, a carcinogenic substance, but they failed to block its transfer in the courts.

But other campaign groups including Greenpeace welcomed the decision to have the toxic ship recycled in the West—rather than exported to a country with less stringent safety and pollution rules.

0. Where is the Clemenceau going? <u>to a "ghost fleet" shipyard</u>

1. What is the starting point of its journey?

2. How will the Clemenceau get to Britain?

3. When did the Navy stop using it?

4. Why was it difficult to find a place to recycle the ship?

5. Who opposed its recycling in Britain?

TASK 2

Read the text about a new commissary opened at an American Air Force base and answer the questions below. Write <u>SHORT ANSWERS.</u> "0" is an example.

Fort Lee, Va. – The Defense Commissary Agency opened its newest commissary April 6 with a grand opening ceremony for a new shopping center that includes an exchange and pharmacy at Keesler Air Force Base, Mass.

A crowd of approximately 1,000 patrons welcomed the new store, built with Hurricane Katrina relief funds. The hurricane, which struck in August 2005, wiped out the commissary and the AAFES store. Both have since been operating out of temporary facilities.

The new commissary, with 24 checkouts, eight of which are self-checkouts, has more than 50,000 square feet of sales area. It is slightly larger than the one destroyed by the hurricane flood waters. The entire shopping mall is sited well above the Katrina flood level.

6. How was the construction of the new commissary financed?

7/8. In what ways is it different from the original commissary?

7				
8				

TASK 3

Read several short pieces of news. Complete the sentences by circling the letter of the correct answer: A, B, C, or D. There is ONLY ONE correct answer. /3

TEXT 1 - A SUMATRAN TIGER

A rare Sumatran tiger has mauled a farmer to death on Indonesia's Sumatra island, prompting terrified villagers to call for the animal to be killed, a park official said on Wednesday.

The official at Batang Gadis national park, Yudi Santoso, said 32-year-old Karman Lubis was killed this week while working on a rubber plantation near the park in North Sumatra province. His mangled body was found on Tuesday about half a mile from the plantation.

The same tiger is thought to be responsible for attacks on five other people as well as livestock over the past month in Jambi, another province on Sumatra island. A farmer and four plantation workers were taken to hospital with injuries in those attacks.

Fearful farmers have asked authorities to shoot the tiger, even though it is protected by law. The local government plans to try to trap and relocate it.

9. According to the text, the tiger...

- a) has been injured.
- b) has been captured.
- c) has killed several people.
- d) has attacked several people.

TEXT 2 - LEGO

Toy maker Lego says its parent company is investing nearly 3bn Danish kroner (£341m) over the next four years in the construction of a wind farm off the coast of Germany.

Lego and its privately owned parent company Kirkbi will control 32% of the Borkum Riffgrund wind farm with 77 turbines. It will become one of Germany's largest when completed in 2015.

Lego will not use the energy for its production, but chief executive Joergen Vid Knudstorp said the investment is part of the company's ambition "of making a positive impact on the world".

Denmark's Dong Energy said it had sold part of its stake in the wind farm to Lego and Denmark-based Oticon Foundation for a total of Kr4.7bn.

10. Why is Lego investing in the wind farm?

- a) To contribute to German energy policy.
- b) To have cheaper energy for their factories.
- c) To increase the profit of their corporation.
- d) To do something good for the environment.

TEXT 3 - PROTESTS IN SPAIN

Protesters clashed with police in Spain's capital on Tuesday as the government prepared a new round of unpopular austerity measures for the 2013 budget to be announced on Thursday.

Thousands gathered in Neptune plaza, a few meters from El Prado museum in central Madrid, where they formed a human chain around parliament, surrounded by barricades, police trucks and more than 1,500 police in riot gear.

Police fired rubber bullets and beat protesters with truncheons, first as protesters were trying to tear down barriers and later to clear the square. The police said at least 22 people had been arrested and at least 32 injured, including four policemen.

As lawmakers started to leave the parliament shortly after 2100 GMT in official cars or by foot, a few hundred people were still demonstrating in front of the building. Most dispersed shortly afterwards.

11. Which statement is true according to the text?

- a) The protest resulted in casualties.
- b) The protesters attacked the politicians.
- c) The police used unnecessary measures.
- d) The protest influenced the government.

TASK 4	
Read the text about army training and answer the questions below.	
Write short answers.	
"0" is an example.	/5

At Fort Jackson, the Army's largest training post, these days something looks different. That familiar standby, the situp, is gone, or almost gone. Exercises that look like pilates or yoga routines are in.

This is the Army's new physical-training program, which has been rolled out this year at its five basic training posts that handle 145,000 recruits a year. Nearly a decade in the making, its official goal was to reduce injuries and better prepare soldiers for the rigors of combat in rough terrain like Afghanistan. The program should also help address one of the most pressing issues facing the military today: overweight and unfit recruits.

The program was largely the brainchild of two former gym teachers who now run the Army Physical Fitness School based here. When they started developing what became a 434-page manual, they began by considering what combat soldiers do and came up with a checklist of things like throwing grenades and dodging gunfire. Then they matched those needs with exercises. There are drills that mimic climbing, that teach soldiers how to roll and that require swift lateral movements. The old style of physical training was less relevant to soldiers' tasks, which entail lots of jumping, crouching and climbing.

Under General Hertling, the new regimen will also include a makeover of the mess halls at its training bases. At Fort Jackson, there are more green leafy vegetables, less fried food, and milk instead of soda. The food line includes color-coded messages to encourage privates to eat low-fat entrees, marked in green.

The trick now will be to push the program into the rest of the Army. While the training posts will have to follow the new program, since they are under General Hertling's command, it is not mandatory for officers in the field. Every unit's exercise routine is determined by its commander, and the current generation of officers has been indoctrinated under the old system.

0. A new thing at Fort Jackson <u>is the new physical training program</u>

16. A potential problem for implementing the program in the forces is

TASK 5

Read what British soldiers think about adventurous training. Match the paragraphs with the questions listed. Write the letter of the paragraph on the line provided. There is <u>ONE EXTRA</u> paragraph that you do NOT need to use.

"0" is an example.

/4

A	В
SIG JOEL DAUGREILH, R SIGNALS	CPL STUART ISSITT, REME
Adventurous training has given me the	The Army taught me to dive and now I am
opportunity to hone my diving skills. I think it	addicted to it and try to do it as much as
is really good, because it gives you time	possible. I think that it is good to get out of the
away from work – you can't spend all your	green life and relax. When you are 30 metres
time in the garages. I believe there is always	down in the water you have to look out for your
room for adventurous training and my bosses	teammates and make sure they are ok. I really
encourage me to take part in activities where	think that adventurous training is a necessity.
possible.	
С	D
SGT JONAH JONES, RA	LCPL GORDON LEGG, COLDM GDS
You cannot beat adventurous training to	I'm an instructor based at Capel Curig in North
develop core skills, leadership and	Wales – I've done the job for three years and
confidence in soldiers – all of these qualities	enjoy my climbing in particular. It is very
are relevant to operations. As an instructor at	rewarding for me to see a soldier get really
Capel Curig, it is really great to have so	competent and it is great to see a group of
many activities. The soldiers try different	people getting closer together as their course
sports and find ones they like.	goes on. They really chill out here.
E	F
WO1 ZAMMO MCBAIN, REME	CFN JAMES SANDERS, REME
There are a lot of opportunities out there, as	I have done a few bits of adventurous training
long as the individual takes the responsibility	before, like rock climbing back in the UK, but to
and gets among it. The Army makes these	get the chance to leave work for two weeks
things available and the guys and girls have	and come skiing in Canada is amazing. I have
to take on the challenge. I have been skiing	a work hard, play hard attitude and courses
here in Canada and it's been a good time to	like this teach you teamwork and leadership
concentrate on getting rid of any bad habits I	and give you the chance to meet new people.
have picked up.	

Which soldier is talking about...

0.	a satisfying teaching experience?	_ <u>_</u>
17. adventu	rous training as a way to change unwanted behavior?	
18.a stimu	lus from superiors to take part in training?	
19. more th	an one adventurous sport he himself has done?	
20. falling i	n love with a sport learned in the military?	

LEVEL 3 SECTION

TASK 6

Read the letter about information leaks in the military. Complete the sentences belowby circling the correct option.

This is the full text of a message from Lt Gen Sir Freddie Viggers, the Adjutant General, reported in brief in the December edition.

As you may have seen, elements of the Chief of the General Staff's Briefing Team Report have appeared in the media. Despite the Chief of the General Staff writing to all ranks in July 2007 about the damage caused by leaks of this sort, someone has chosen to ignore his direction and the rules.

The Army Board has never been more open or determined to ensure that individuals' views are heard and then acted on by the chain of command. We have commanders at all levels who listen, we have a chain of command that passes those views on. We have the Chief of the General Staff's Briefing Team that seeks out opinions, and we use *Soldier* Magazine and ArmyNet to voice our concerns.

Leaks to the media, with no understanding or explanation of the context, are seriously unhelpful. If we continue, we will end up with a culture where we can no longer commit views honestly on paper. Individuals' concerns will not be heard and the chain of command will not be able to respond quickly. Ultimately, the Army Board will not understand what the issues are for the individual soldier and will not be able to make our Ministers aware of the facts. We will all lose.

On behalf of the Chief of the General Staff and the Army Board, I stress that we do not welcome, or need anyone acting in such an irresponsible manner.

Adjutant General

21. The Adjutant General is deeply concerned that

- a) leaks to the media are happening too often.
- b) the information was leaked with malicious intent.
- c) such leaks can endanger the achieved state of openness.
- d) the report leak exposed the procedures of the Army Board.

22. The Army Board is focused on ...

- a) using media in the military to present soldiers' concerns.
- b) transparency of the chain of command issues at all levels.
- c) cooperation with the Chief of the General Staff's Briefing Team.
- d) providing a link between individual soldiers and top military officials.

HVU "Petar Zrinski", SzSJ "Katarina Zrinska", Odsjek za testiranje, veljača 2015.

TASK 7

Read the texts 1-3. Each text is followed by one question. Answer the questions by circling the letter of the correct answer: A, B, C, or D. There is <u>ONLY ONE</u> correct answer.

TEXT 1 - NATO'S FUTURE

NATO's "business as usual" with Russia is off the table after Moscow's annexation of Crimea, said its leader Secretary General Anders Fogh Rasmussen on 21 March to the Brussels Forum of security policy officials.

Noting that Moscow's manoeuvers bring into question "the very foundation of our cooperation with Russia", Rasmussen said NATO has cancelled all staff meetings with Russia and is reviewing the entire range of its co-operation with an eye to new decisions by allied foreign ministers when they meet in Brussels. He also used the occasion to reiterate his standing appeal to the allies that: "we must ensure that we have the full range of capabilities to deter and defend against any threat".

Indeed, for Forum speaker Jaap de Hoop Scheffer, Rasmussen's predecessor during the Russia-Georgia war, Russia's new aggressive stance carries one positive note. "Putin must be congratulated for underlining the importance of NATO and for possibly stopping the slide in allied defence spending. That is the one silver lining in this horrible crisis," he observed.

23. According to the article, what has the the new crisis brought forth for NATO?

- a) the focus on the defence of its home territory
- b) the priority to develop further diplomatic solutions
- c) the need to maintain the defence budget
- d) the necessity to obtain new allies

TEXT 2 - CHINA'S IMAGE

China's huge trade surpluses have contributed directly and indirectly to job losses around the world, but the impact on its image has been most pronounced in Europe, Latin America and the United States, where China seems to loom as an unprecedented economic threat. Meanwhile, China's military modernization and regional muscle-flexing in Asia has tarnished its reputation among its neighbors. Its unprecedented cyber-hacking has skyrocketed to the top of the agenda of Sino-American relations in recent weeks, while China's domestic human rights situation has been a long-standing concern in the West.

Underlying many of these complaints are China's authoritarian political system and its business practices, which are opaque and riddled with corruption.

24. The author lists the reasons why...

- a) China is not concerned with its image.
- b) China's reputation has significantly deteriorated.
- c) China's global importance has decreased.
- d) China should invest into the propaganda efforts.

TEXT 3 - WASHINGTONIANS

Party on, Washington. The D.C. metropolitan area once again tops the list of the wealthiest regions in the country. In the borrow-and-spend capital of the world, increasing amounts of taxpayer money are coming to the District and never leaving.

According to the Census Bureau figures, the median income in the United States declined 1.3 percent in 2011 — the second straight year in which the average American family grew poorer. Not so inside the Beltway, where the good times kept rolling. Washington metropolitan area incomes climbed 2.6 percent, to \$86,680, far beyond the national average of \$50,502. With average civil service salary-and-benefits packages reaching into the six-figure range, it's not hard to guess why area incomes are 71 percent higher than those of other Americans.

There's no jobs recession in the federal city. In August, D.C. unemployment was 5.5 percent compared to the national rate of 8.1 percent. Unemployment in Washington consistently has tracked well below national averages because apparently there always is room for more government.

25. The author's main intention is...

- a) to prove the statistics are misleading as they reflect only the absolute numbers.
- b) to send a message that there are signs of economic recovery in the US.
- c) to argue that Washington's prosperity comes at the country's expense.
- d) to point out an example of economic success in the times of recession.

TASK 8

Read the text about Google searches data and complete the summary below. Use <u>1 - 3 words</u>. "0" is an example.

/3

Claims of clairvoyance, particularly when they come from economists, deserve a sceptical reception. Hal Varian, a professor of economics at the University of California, who also happens to be Google's chief economist, has no such pretensions, but he does believe that data on internet searches can help predict certain kinds of economic statistics before they become available.

In a new paper written with Hyunyoung Choi, a colleague at Google, he argues that fluctuations in the frequency with which people search for certain words or phrases online can help improve the accuracy of the econometric models used to predict, for example, retail-sales figures or house sales. Actual numbers for such things are usually available only with a lag. But Google's search data are updated every day, so they can in theory capture shifts in consumer behaviour before official numbers are released.

These data are available through a site called Google Trends, which allows anyone who cares to do so to download an index of the aggregate volume of searches for particular terms or categories. Mr Varian and Mr Choi show that the addition of these search trends to econometric models improves the accuracy of their estimates.

For instance, using data on searches for trucks and SUVs to predict the monthly sales of motor vehicles reduces the average error by up to 18% compared with the predictions from a model that did not incorporate the search data. The volume of searches for Hong Kong carried out in countries like America, Britain, Australia and India, also seems to predict eventual tourist arrivals to the territory from these countries rather well.

How widely could this idea be applied? For some things, like retail sales, the categories into which Google classifies its search-trend data correspond closely to what people may want to predict, such as the sales of a particular brand of car. For others, like sales of houses, things are less clear. It appears that searches for estate agents work better than those for home financing. But anything that makes the crystal ball less cloudy is welcome.

Summary:

There has been a new insight into the possibility of using internet data in (0) predicting <u>trends.</u> Incorporating these data affects the (26) _______ of statistics. Internet search data's main advantage over actual statistics is the fact that it is (27)

_____. However, a slight shortcoming of the new method would be that it might not be equally (28) _____.

TASK 9

Read the texts discussing the impact of humanitarian flood aid to Pakistan. Match the texts and the ideas below. Write the letter of the idea on the line provided. There are <u>TWO EXTRA</u> ideas that you do NOT need to use. "0" is an example.

0 <u>F</u>	29
The enormity of the challenge facing a fledgling democratic system in Pakistan is huge. Even while the United States keeps a wary eye on Islamic militant relief groups, it must help in strengthening the civilian governance in Pakistan, its main partner in fighting the effects of this 100- year flood. President Asif Ali Zardari, pronounced at a press conference with Senator John Kerry last week "I am the governance" (shades of Louis XIV). Now that he has owned up to that weighty charge, his government must deliver on his promise by making flood relief rapid, transparent, and effective.	While they discuss politics endlessly, the people in the southern portion of Pakistan are not ideological in their political views. Each successive regime has promised much and given little, so that they are now indifferent to parties and their platforms; they are interested only in the question of which individual or group can give them roads or schools or jobs or electric connections. Whoever provides a concrete benefit earns their allegiance. They do have a superficially negative view of America and the West; but this view can be changed quickly. Their judgments are not hardened.
Shuja Nawaz	Daniyal Mueenuddin
30	31
The U.S.'s poor image in Pakistan happens to suit certain power centers in the country, including the Army and the government.The oxygen which sustains religious extremism here is plentiful - the infrastructure of indoctrination, recruitment and training continues to exist. Build a school, give a family food, construct new homes, give employment opportunities, all are good ideas, but will invariably fail against an extremist machine that continues to hum quietly, sometimes in broad daylight, often covertly.	The myth that "if we don't take care of the flood victims, the militants will step in and somehow win their hearts and minds" is a lazy assumption. The militants have shown no interest in improving the lives of poor in the northern areas where they are considered influential. Most of those affected by the flood are too busy chasing a charity truck for food to think about anything else. I am doubtful that when people accept a packet of food for their starving family, they buy into the donor's ideology as well.
Governy.	Mohammed Hanif

32	33
We are operating in a more harshly anti-	Only sustained engagement between the
American environment today, but we can	U.S. and Pakistan can reduce the influence
expect that both the government and the	of radical groups that capitalize on disasters.
people afflicted by the floods will be	In the present situation, and more broadly,
appreciative of the U.S. contribution once	Pakistan does not have the government it
the relief workers have succeeded in setting	needs, nor is it getting the help its people
up a system that can work reasonably well.	deserve, despite an increase in international
On the other hand, disasters sometimes call	aid in recent days. The moral arguments for
forth untapped reserves of resilience.	aid are compelling, and there are many
Thousands of young Pakistanis left their	precedents for how providing humanitarian
comfortable homes to do relief work when	assistance can improve public opinion, not
the earthquake struck Kashmir. Can	least in Pakistan after the devastating
Pakistan turn this catastrophe into an	Kashmir earthquake in 2005.
occasion for civic bridge-building?	Parag Khanna
Teresita C. Schaffer	

Which speaker:...

- A criticises the delayed reaction of the international community?
- B expresses skepticism towards political effects of the relief efforts?
- C believes the terrorist influence would persevere?
- D mentions the fortitude of people when facing catastrophies?
- E expresses concerns about the misuse of the humanitarian aid?

F brings up the issues of relief dispatch within the country?

- G believes both the political situation and the assistance to be inadequate?
- H supports the relief effort as an opportunity to gain trust?

TASK 10

Read the following text about the UK MoD budget cuts. Complete the sentences below by circling the correct answer.

A budget shortfall of up to GBP2 billion in the UK's Defence Planning Round 08, which is intended to set all defence spending over the next three years, has left defence companies concerned that a number of major UK procurement projects could be shrunk, delayed or even cancelled.

According to senior industry sources, BAE Systems, AugustaWestland, Rolls Royce and at least four other major UK-based defence companies have formed special management teams, led by board-level executives, to open negotiations with the MoD. The teams have first been trying to assess the impact on their companies of the proposed cuts to the UK's Equipment Programme 08, which details major procurement spending over the next 10 years.

They are hoping to offer the ministry trade-offs in terms of costs, payment and delivery schedules, as well as alternative products, to protect their core operations.

One executive with knowledge of his company's efforts to engage the MoD said the aim was "first to limit damage to share price through surprise cancellations of programmes, ensure major programmes already under contract go ahead and make sure that key subcontractors remain in business."

An MoD spokeswoman told *Jane's* that discussions with industry take place at all times of the year. "The MoD is currently in the middle of its planning round, when it considers a wide range of options as a matter of course," she said. "Inevitably, this leads to a lot of speculation, though a great many moves that we consider are never taken."

34. According to the article, latest defence budget cuts have been received

with concern by _____

- a) board-level executives
- b) senior industry sources
- c) UK-based defence contractors
- d) senior military officials

35. In order to prevent major damage, the companies are ready to

- a) change their pricing and expand their offer.
- b) limit the damage by cancelling contracts.
- c) contact the key subcontractors.
- d) limit the cuts to the UK's Equipment Programme.

36. Ministry of Defence claims that the talks with industry are

- a) a response to the budgetary deficit.
- b) part of regular planning activities.
- c) a response to the requests from the industry.
- d) aimed at limiting the damage of the recession.

37. According to the MoD, ____

- a) speculation leads to disregarding some of the possibilities.
- b) not all of the measures discussed in planning are realized.
- c) every planning round ends with many options being taken up.
- d) they are interested in limiting the damage to the industry.

TASK 11

Read a letter in which a reader expresses her reaction to a published article. Read the questions and circle the best option. /3

Sir,	
Your article entitled " <u>Turkey's turmoil</u> ", as well as your previous articles about the influence of the military in Turkish politics represent an "outsider's view". Unfortunately, the same can be said for US and EU approaches to this matter. As a secular Turkish citizen, I feel safe and secure knowing that our military is the "guardian" of secularism in Turkey. Democracy is not a "one-size-fits-all" concept, as believed and promulgated by the US and the EU. We have seen how "bringing democracy" to places such as Iraq has not worked for the US.	system, one cannot and should not let this happen — even if this means disrupting the existing system for a while. The US and EU promote Turkey as a secular, Muslim country and therefore a stable force in the region. They fail to understand that Turkey is what it is today — a secular democracy with 99% Muslim population — and not an Islamic republic like Iran, mainly as a result of military involvement at times when its secular foundation came under significant threat. Such threats do not seem as significant and visible from outside but they still should be tackled before it gets too late — as is the case now. The military in Turkey is a
As for the case of Turkey, if a political party	proponent and guardian of democracy, not a

As for the case of Turkey, if a political party uses democracy to come to absolute power with well-known intentions of instituting an Islamist, and definitely not a democratic

Zeynep Uçuk, Washington, DC

disturbance, as the EU and US deem.

38. Which statement would the author of the letter most likely agree with?

- a) Military cannot allow secularism to develop.
- b) The US and the EU have a deep understanding of the processes in Turkey.
- c) The abuse of democracy must be prevented by the military.
- d) Turkey is on the way of becoming an Islamic republic.

39. The author uses the example of Iraq to make the following point:

- a) Democracy in Turkey should get more support from the EU and the US.
- b) Enforcing democracy in other countries has its benefits.
- c) One recipe for democracy is not appropriate for everybody.
- d) The author does not believe in democracy.

40. What does the author believe will happen if the military decreases its influence?

- a) Turkey will become a secular state.
- b) Turkey will develop into a civilian state.
- c) Turkey will become more democratic.
- d) Turkey will develop a religion-based regime.

THIS IS THE END OF THE READING TEST